

SUSTAINING INTEGRATIVE CARE IN THE MIDST OF COVID-19

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Disclosures

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TODAY'S AGENDA

- Who we are
- Our integration journey
- Operation timeline
- Integration: pre vs post COVID-19
- Lessons learned



QUICK GLIMPSE: Complete Care Health Network (CCHN)



Founded in 1973



19 Locations



Service Area: Cape May Cumberland & Gloucester County



62,351 patients seen in 2019 for 281,940 visits



Designated as a Community and Migrant Health Center







CCHN SERVICE AREA

- 3 Gloucester County locations (this service area is shared with CamCare)
- 14 Cumberland County locations, includes 4 schoolbased health centers
- 2 Cape May County locations



OUR INTEGRATION IMPROVEMENT JOURNEY



November 2018:
Began Integration
Quality Improvement
Journey



Built the Improvement Team and created the Aim Statement



Analysis:

- Process/journey maps
- Performance measurement
- Readiness
 Assessment
- Driver Diagram



Address Challenges, measure change, and pivoted when need.

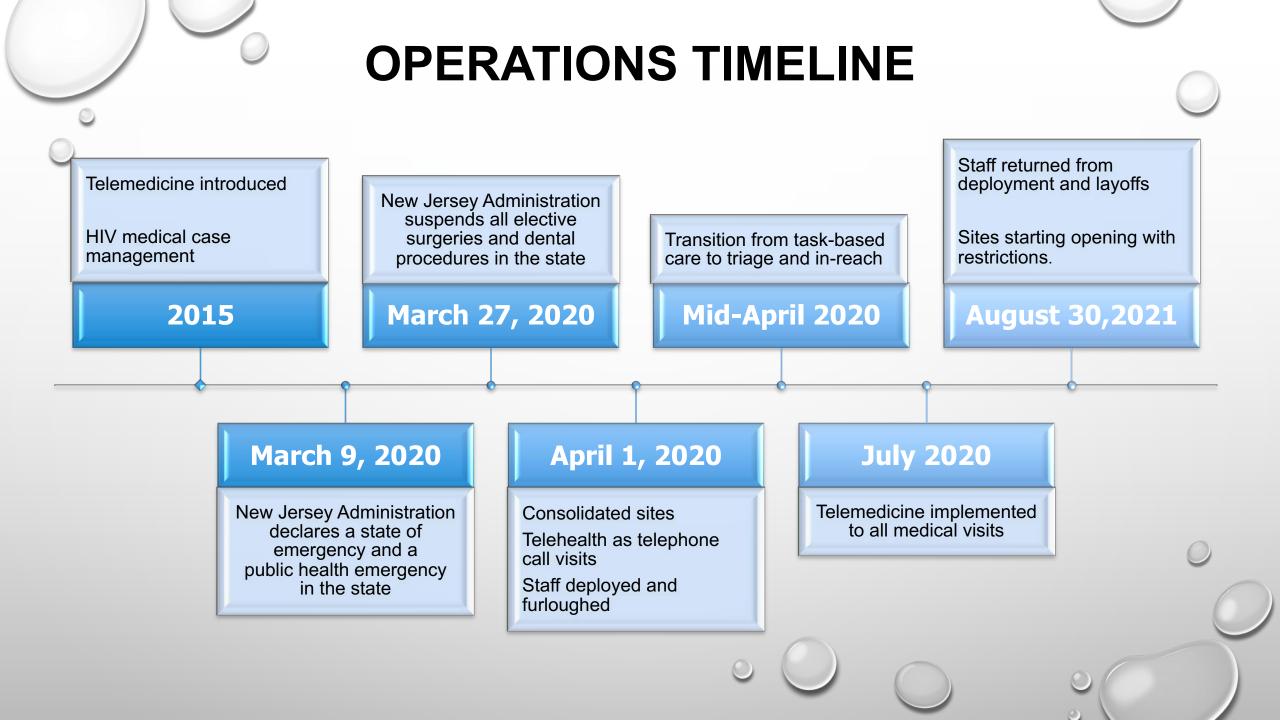




Making the change sustainable through constant learning and improvement









CONVERSION OF GOALS

Pre-COVID-19

- Equitable & accessible care via in-person visits
- Measurable units of care
- Clients' services done in office

COVID-19

- Equitable & accessible care via telemedicine/telehealth
- Understand Telemedicine Vs
 Telehealth
- Met the patient where they were
- Engagement



TELEMEDICINE VS TELEHEALTH

Medicare 1395 m (m)(1) and CMS Telehealth 2015 Fact Sheet

• <u>Two-way, real-time interactive commu</u>nication between the patient and distant site physician or practitioner but not communication via telephone, email or fax

NJ:

- New Jersey's 2017 law (P.L. 2017, c.117) defines "telehealth" as the use of information and communications technologies, including telephones, remote patient monitoring devices, or other electronic means, to support clinical health care, provider consultation, patient and professional health-related education, public health, health administration, and other services, as allowed by New Jersey law
- This law defines "telemedicine" as the delivery of a health care service using electronic communications, information technology, or other electronic or technological means to bridge the gap between a health care provider who is located at a distant site and a patient who is located at an originating site, either with or without the assistance of an intervening health care provider, as allowed by New Jersey law, except that "telemedicine" does not include the use of audio-only telephone conversation, electronic mail, instant messaging, phone text, or facsimile transmission.



Pre-COVID-19

- In-person visits
- Patients needed access to transportation
- Providers were only available at limited times

COVID-19

- Telephone or telehealth visits
- Patients didn't need to access transportation to see a provider
- Providers were available for patient care and team huddles virtually



INTEGRATIVE CARE (SUPPORT STAFF)

Pre-COVID-19:

- Care coordination
- Linkages
- Psychosocial assessments
- Social determinants of health (SDOH) assessments
- Screening, brief intervention and referral to treatment (SBIRT)
- Transportation requests

During COVID-19 and beyond:

Making care equitable by population

- In-reach: engages populations with existing access to services
- Triage
- Supportive counseling
- Tablets and burner phones



INTEGRATIVE CARE (PATIENT)

Pre-COVID-19:

- In office appointments
- Walk-ins
- On site labs
- Multi-provider visits

During COVID-19 and beyond:

- No in office appointment available
- Walk-ins by screening only
- No labs open
- Visits moved to telephonic or telemedicine
- Learning how to use tablets/burner phones





WE LEARNED QUICKLY...

TELEMEDICINE IS NOT FOR EVERYONE







Trauma

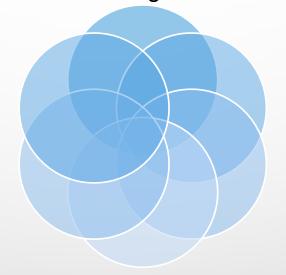
- Clients who experience cyber bullying
- Clients who experience virtual sexual trauma

Preference

Clients who prefer in-person visits

Access

- Clients lacking hardware
- Clients lacking WiFi



Clinical

Clients who require in-person visits

Skill

- Clients lacking competency
- Staff lacking competency

Environment

- Clients lack privacy
- Communities with poor connectivity

TOOLS FOR SUCCESSFUL TELEMEDICINE

- Team based model which included biweekly touch points
- Assess, assess, and then reassess
 - Access
 - Skill
 - Patient preference
 - Clinical
 - Trauma
 - Other factors
- Evaluate if telemedicine visits are improving patient outcomes



LESSONS LEARNED

- Ability to be fluid in challenging times;
- There is strength in unity and team-based approaches;
- Timing is everything;
- Collaboration within the department develops true cohesiveness in delivering services.

QUESTIONS



